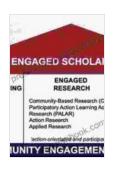
Academic Goals and Social Engagement: Scholarship of Teaching and Learning

The Scholarship of Teaching and Learning (SoTL) is a field of study that explores the teaching and learning process in higher education. SoTL scholars use research methods to investigate how students learn, how faculty teach, and how the learning environment can be improved. One of the key themes in SoTL is the relationship between academic goals and social engagement. This article explores how SoTL scholars are using research to understand how social engagement can promote student learning and contribute to the development of socially responsible citizens.



Critical Reading in Higher Education: Academic Goals and Social Engagement (Scholarship of Teaching and

Learning) by Eve Ensler

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ 5 out of 5

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Enhanced typesetting: Enabled

Word Wise : Enabled

Print length : 178 pages



Academic Goals and Social Engagement

Academic goals are the specific outcomes that students are expected to achieve in a course or program. These goals may include cognitive skills, such as critical thinking and problem solving; affective skills, such as

empathy and compassion; and psychomotor skills, such as physical dexterity and coordination. Social engagement is the process of interacting with others in a positive and meaningful way. This can involve participating in class discussions, working on group projects, volunteering in the community, or simply getting to know classmates outside of class. Research has shown that social engagement can promote student learning in a number of ways.

- Enhances cognitive development. Social engagement can help students to develop their cognitive skills, such as critical thinking and problem solving. When students interact with others, they are exposed to different perspectives and ideas. This can help them to think more deeply about the material they are learning and to develop more sophisticated arguments.
- Promotes affective development. Social engagement can also help students to develop their affective skills, such as empathy and compassion. When students interact with others from different backgrounds and perspectives, they learn to appreciate the diversity of the human experience. This can help them to become more tolerant and understanding of others.
- Encourages psychomotor development. Social engagement can also help students to develop their psychomotor skills, such as physical dexterity and coordination. When students participate in group projects or volunteer in the community, they have the opportunity to practice these skills in a real-world setting.

In addition to promoting student learning, social engagement can also contribute to the development of socially responsible citizens. When students interact with others from different backgrounds and perspectives, they learn to appreciate the diversity of the human experience. This can help them to become more tolerant and understanding of others. It can also help them to develop a sense of civic responsibility and a commitment to making a positive difference in the world.

SoTL Research on Academic Goals and Social Engagement

SoTL scholars are using research to investigate the relationship between academic goals and social engagement in a number of ways. Some scholars are conducting quantitative studies to examine the impact of social engagement on student learning. Others are conducting qualitative studies to explore the experiences of students who participate in social engagement activities. Still others are developing new pedagogical approaches that incorporate social engagement into the curriculum.

One of the most common quantitative studies in SoTL research is the examination of the impact of social engagement on student learning. This type of study typically involves comparing the academic performance of students who participate in social engagement activities with the academic performance of students who do not participate in such activities. The results of these studies have been mixed, with some studies finding that social engagement has a positive impact on student learning and other studies finding no such impact.

However, a meta-analysis of over 100 studies found that social engagement has a small but significant positive impact on student learning. This means that students who participate in social engagement activities are more likely to achieve higher grades and pass rates than students who do not participate in such activities.

Qualitative studies in SoTL research have explored the experiences of students who participate in social engagement activities. These studies have found that students who participate in social engagement activities report a number of benefits, including increased understanding of course material, improved problem-solving skills, and greater confidence in their ability to succeed in college.

SoTL scholars are also developing new pedagogical approaches that incorporate social engagement into the curriculum. These approaches include service-learning, peer learning, and community-based learning. Service-learning is a teaching method that combines academic learning with community service. Peer learning is a teaching method that involves students learning from each other. Community-based learning is a teaching method that involves students learning in community settings.

These pedagogical approaches have been shown to be effective in promoting student learning and social engagement. For example, one study found that students who participated in a service-learning course reported higher levels of academic achievement, critical thinking skills, and empathy than students who did not participate in a service-learning course.

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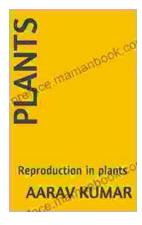
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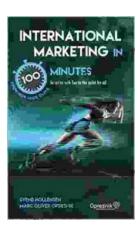
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